

北海道大学病院

- 平成 15年10月 医学部附属病院と歯学部附属病院との統合による改組により、北海道大学病院となる(8診療科、16診療施設、956床)
- 16年 4月 腫瘍内科の診療を開始
- 16年 9月 外来治療センター設置
- 16年12月 歯科外来手術センター設置
- 17年 3月 ME機器管理センター設置
- 17年 4月 医療安全推進室を医療安全管理部に改組  
診療録管理室設置
- 17年10月 感染管理部を感染制御部に改称  
総合診療科および総合診療部を廃止
- 18年 4月 栄養管理室を栄養管理部に改組  
分子追跡放射線医療寄附研究部門を設置
- 18年 6月 地域医療連携部を地域医療連携福祉センターに改組
- 18年 7月 救急部と集中治療部を統合し、先進急性期医療センターに改組  
高度先進医療支援センター設置
- 19年 4月 検査部と輸血部を統合し、検査・輸血部に改組  
材料部を物流管理センターに改組  
医療情報部を医療情報企画部に改称
- 19年 5月 医療マネジメント寄附研究部門を設置
- 20年 1月 外来治療センターを廃止腫瘍センターを設置
- 20年 4月 企画マネジメント部設置
- 21年 4月 地域健康社会寄附研究部門設置
- 22年 3月 超音波センター設置
- 22年 4月 地域医療指導医支援センター設置  
放射線科が放射線治療科と放射線診断科に分離
- 23年10月 入退院センター設置
- 24年 4月 第一内科を内科Ⅰに改称  
第二内科を内科Ⅱに改称  
第三内科を消化器内科に改称  
第一外科を消化器外科Ⅰに改称  
第二外科を消化器外科Ⅱに改称  
循環器外科を循環器・呼吸器外科に改称  
乳腺・内分泌外科設置  
小児外科を消化器外科Ⅰに編入  
歯科の3診療科体制を、予防歯科、歯周・歯内療法科、冠橋義歯補綴科、高齢者歯科、小児・障害者歯科、矯正歯科、歯冠修復科、義歯補綴科、口腔内科、口腔外科、歯科放射線科、歯科麻酔科の12診療科に再編成  
高次口腔医療センターから高齢者歯科を分離  
コンパニオン診断学寄附研究部門設置
- 25年 4月 地域健康社会寄附研究部門を廃止
- 25年 6月 スポーツ医学診療センター設置
- 25年10月 外来新棟新営工事竣工  
乳腺・内分泌外科を乳腺外科に改称
- 26年 3月 陽子線治療センター設置
- 26年 4月 女性医師等就労支援室設置
- 26年 7月 国際医療部設置
- 26年 8月 病理診断科設置
- 26年10月 高度先進医療支援センターと北海道大学探索医療教育研究センターを統合し、臨床研究開発センターを設置
- 27年 4月 地域医療支援センター設置
- 27年 8月 てんかんセンター設置

- 28年 4月 がん遺伝子診断部設置  
口腔ケア連携センター設置  
診療支援部を医療技術部に改称  
卒後臨床研修センターを臨床研修センターに改称  
地域医療指導医支援センターを廃止
- 28年 7月 HIV診療支援センター設置
- 29年 1月 臨床研究監理部設置
- 4月 高難度新規医療技術管理部設置  
未承認新規医薬品等管理部設置  
女性医師等就労支援室を男女共同参画推進室に改称  
スポーツ医学診療科を廃止
- 29年10月 コンパニオン診断寄附研究部門をゲノム・コンパニオン診断寄附研究部門に改称
- 29年11月 造血幹細胞移植連携支援センター設置
- 31年 4月 先進急性期医療センターが救急部と集中治療部に分離  
分子追跡放射線医療寄附研究部門を廃止  
医学物理部設置  
先端診断技術開発センター設置  
ゲノム・コンパニオン診断寄附研究部門をゲノム・コンパニオン診断研究部門に改称  
児童思春期精神医学研究部門設置  
先進消化器がん分子標的治療・予防学研究部門設置  
神経細胞治療研究部門設置
- 令和 元年12月 医療機器開発推進センター設置
- 2年 4月 低侵襲外科診断治療学研究部門設置
- 2年 7月 呼吸器先端医療機器開発研究部門設置
- 3年 4月 医療・ヘルスサイエンス研究開発機構設置  
臨床研究監理部を臨床研究監理センターに改称  
データサイエンスセンター設置  
神経内科を脳神経内科に改称
- (令和3年6月 9診療科、29中央診療施設、944床)

北海道大学医学部附属病院

- 大正 8年 2月 北海道帝国大学に医学部設置
- 9年 9月 医学部附属病院開始準備のため看護法講習科設置(以後厚生女学部及び看護学校と名称変更)
- 10年 4月 医学部に附属病院設置
- 10年10月 産婆養成所(以後助産婦学校と名称変更)設置
- 10年11月 附属病院が開院  
内科、外科、産婦人科の診療を開始  
薬局(現薬剤部)設置
- 11年 9月 耳鼻咽喉科の診療を開始
- 11年11月 眼科の診療を開始
- 12年11月 第二内科の診療を開始
- 13年 5月 第二外科の診療を開始
- 14年 2月 皮膚泌尿器科の診療を開始
- 14年 5月 第三外科(現整形外科)の診療を開始
- 14年 9月 小児科の診療を開始
- 昭和 2年 6月 歯科の診療を開始
- 3年11月 精神科神経科の診療を開始
- 10年11月 医学部附属病院登別分院創設
- 11年 1月 医学部附属病院登別分院の診療を開始
- 23年 3月 第三内科の診療を開始
- 24年 3月 放射線科の診療を開始

- 24年 5月 法律第150号により北海道大学医学部附属病院と改称
- 24年 6月 皮膚泌尿器科が皮膚科と泌尿器科に分離
- 30年 3月 西病棟新営工事竣工
- 31年 4月 医学部附属診療工ックス線技師学校(以後診療放射線技師学校と名称変更)設置
- 33年 3月 中央棟及び東病棟新営工事竣工
- 34年 3月 事務部及び課設置
- 36年 4月 麻酔科の診療を開始
- 38年 4月 中央検査部(現検査・輸血部)、中央手術部(現手術部)、中央レントゲン部(現放射線部)設置
- 40年 4月 脳神経外科の診療を開始  
中央材料部(現材料部)設置
- 41年 1月 救急部設置
- 41年 4月 輸血部(現検査・輸血部)設置  
医学部附属衛生検査技師学校(以後臨床検査技師学校と名称変更)設置
- 41年 7月 北病棟新営工事竣工
- 42年 3月 南病棟新営工事(3階建)竣工
- 42年 8月 歯学部附属病院の開院に伴い歯科が廃止
- 43年 4月 理学療法部設置
- 48年 4月 循環器内科の診療を開始  
登別分院にリハビリテーション部設置
- 49年 7月 登別分院の新築工事竣工
- 50年10月 病理部設置
- 51年 4月 登別分院に整形外科設置
- 51年 5月 看護部設置
- 51年10月 分娩部(現周産母子センター)設置
- 53年 4月 形成外科の診療を開始
- 55年 3月 登別分院増築工事(病棟及びリハビリ訓練施設)竣工
- 56年 1月 南病棟増築(4、5、6階)工事竣工(整形外科、第三内科、皮膚科、形成外科)
- 58年 3月 医学部附属看護学校廃止
- 59年 3月 新中央診療棟新営工事(3階建)竣工(検査部、手術部、病理部、材料部等)  
登別分院に屋外リハビリ訓練施設竣工  
医学部附属臨床検査技師学校廃止
- 60年 3月 医学部附属助産婦学校廃止
- 61年 3月 医学部附属診療放射線技師学校廃止
- 62年 5月 神経内科の診療を開始
- 63年 3月 MRI-CT装置棟新営工事竣工
- 63年 9月 医学部パワーセンター新営工事竣工
- 63年10月 新外来棟新営工事竣工
- 平成 元年 3月 新外来棟での診療を開始
- 元年 4月 院内措置により集中治療部設置
- 2年 6月 循環器外科の診療を開始
- 5年10月 新病棟新営工事竣工
- 6年 3月 新病棟での診療を開始
- 6年 6月 医療情報部(現医療情報企画部)設置
- 6年10月 特定機能病院の承認
- 7年 4月 総合診療部設置  
院内学級開設
- 7年10月 ボランティアの導入
- 8年 5月 登別分院が省令改正により廃止(学内措置により存続)
- 8年 7月 総合診療科の診療を開始
- 8年 8月 リハビリテーション科の診療を開始

- 8年 9月 内科系臓器別外来の診療を開始
- 8年12月 登別分院廃院
- 9年 3月 新中央診療棟新営工事竣工
- 9年 8月 リハビリテーション科病棟での診療を開始
- 11年 4月 光学医療診療部設置、核医学診療科、血液内科Ⅰ、生体工医学・スポーツ診療科の診療を開始
- 11年11月 小児外科の診療を開始
- 12年 4月 分娩部を周産母子センターに改組
- 13年 4月 臓器移植医療部設置  
救急科の診療を開始  
産科婦人科が産科と婦人科に分離
- 14年 4月 ファミリーハウス落成
- 15年 4月 デイサージャーリーセンター設置  
(平成15年9月 20診療科、19中央診療施設、923床)

北海道大学歯学部附属病院

- 昭和 42年 4月 歯学部附属病院の準備事務を開始
- 42年 6月 歯学部附属病院を設置
- 42年 7月 附属病院入院病棟、外来診療棟の増築工事落成
- 42年 8月 第一保存科、第一補綴科、口腔外科の3科及び20床で診療開始
- 45年 4月 予防歯科、矯正科の2科を増設(病床40床)
- 45年11月 附属病院棟の新築工事落成
- 49年 4月 口腔外科が第一口腔外科と改称  
第二口腔外科を増設
- 52年10月 歯科放射線科増設
- 53年10月 小児科増設
- 54年 3月 附属病院棟の増築工事落成
- 56年 4月 特殊歯科治療部設置
- 57年 3月 附属病院棟の増築工事落成
- 61年 4月 歯科麻酔科増設
- 平成 10年 4月 11診療科体制から保存系歯科、咬合系歯科、口腔系歯科の3診療科体制へ再編成
- 14年 4月 特殊歯科治療部を廃止し高次口腔医療センターを設置  
(平成15年9月 3診療科、1中央診療施設、40床)



## Hokkaido University Hospital

October, 2003 Dental Hospital and Medical Hospital were reconstructed to Hokkaido University Hospital (September, 2003 8 Clinical Departments, 23 Central Clinical Facilities, 956 beds).

April, 2004 The examination of Medical Oncology started.

September, 2004 Ambulatory Therapy Center was established.

December, 2004 Center for Oral Surgery was established.

March, 2005 Medical Engineering Center was established.

April, 2005 Hospital Safety Promotion Center was reorganized into Division of Hospital Safety Management.  
Medical Record Center was established.

October, 2005 The examination of Primary Care Unit was abolished.  
Infection Management Center was renamed to Infection Control Center.

April, 2006 Nutrition Center was reorganized into Nutritional Management Center.  
Funded Research Division of Medical Physics was established.

June, 2006 Community Service Center was reorganized into Community Service and Welfare Network.

July, 2006 Emergency Service and Intensive Care Unit were reconstructed to Emergency and Critical Care Center.  
Translation Research and Clinical Trial Center was established.

April, 2007 Clinical Laboratory and Blood Transfusion Center were reconstructed to Division of Laboratory and Transfusion Medicine.  
Supply Center was reorganized into Medical Supply Processing and Distribution Center.  
Division of Medical Information was renamed to Division of Medical Information Planning.

May, 2007 Funded Research Division of Medical Management was established.

January, 2008 Ambulatory Therapy Center was abolished and Cancer Center was established.

April, 2008 Division of Planning and Management was established.

April, 2009 Funded Research Division of Regional Health Society was established.

March, 2010 Diagnostic Center for Sonography was established.

April, 2010 Community-hospital-instructor Supporting Center was established.  
Radiology separated into Radiation Oncology and Diagnostic and Interventional Radiology.

October, 2011 Inpatient Center was established.

April, 2012 Internal Medicine III was renamed to Gastroenterology and Hepatology.  
Surgery I was renamed to Gastroenterological Surgery I.  
Surgery II was renamed to Gastroenterological Surgery II.  
Cardiovascular Surgery was renamed to Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery.  
Breast and Endocrine Surgery was established.  
Pediatric Surgery was included in Gastroenterological Surgery I.  
3 clinics of dentistry was reorganized to 12 clinics, Preventive Dentistry, Endodontics and Periodontics, Crown and Bridge Prosthodontics, Gerodontology, Dentistry for Children and Disabled Persons, Orthodontics, Restorative Dentistry, Removable Prosthodontics, Oral Medicine, Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, Dental Radiology and Dental Anesthesiology.  
Gerodontology seceded from Center for Advanced Oral Medicine.  
Funded Research Division of Companion Diagnostics was established.

April, 2013 Funded Research Division of Regional Health Society was abolished.

June, 2013 Sports Medicine Center was established.

October, 2013 New Outpatients Building was completed.  
Breast and Endocrine Surgery was renamed to Breast Surgery.

March, 2014 Proton Beam Therapy Center was established.

April, 2014 Female Physician Support Office was established.

July, 2014 International Medical Department was established.

August, 2014 Department of Surgical Pathology was established.

October, 2014 Translation Research and Clinical Trial Center and Center for Translational Research were reconstructed to Clinical Research and Medical Innovation Center.

April, 2015 Community-Hospital Supporting Center was established.

August, 2015 Epilepsy Center was established.

April, 2016 Division of Clinical Cancer Genomics was established.  
Center for Oral Supportive Care was established.  
Division of Clinical Practice Support was renamed to Division of Medical Imaging and Technology.  
Postgraduate Clinical Education Center was renamed to Clinical Training Center.  
Community-hospital-instructor Supporting Center was abolished.

July, 2016 HIV Infection Medical Support Center was established.

January, 2017 Division of Clinical Research Administration was established.

April, 2017 Division of Management New Medical Technology was established.  
Division of Management New Pharmaceutical Products was established.  
Female Physician Support Office was renamed to Gender Equality Office.  
Sports Medicine was abolished.

October, 2017 Funded Research Division of Companion Diagnostics was renamed to Funded Research Division of Genome Companion Diagnostics.

November, 2017 Support Center for Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation was established.

April, 2019 Emergency and Critical Care Center separated into Emergency Department and Intensive Care Unit.  
Funded Research Division of Medical Physics was abolished.  
Department of Medical Physics was established.  
Center for Development of Advanced Diagnostics was established.  
Funded Research Division of Genome Companion Diagnostics was renamed to Research Division of Genome Companion Diagnostics.

December, 2019 Center for Medical Device Development was established.

April, 2020 Division of Minimally Invasive Surgery was established.

July, 2020 Division of Respiratory Advanced Medical Device Development was established.

April, 2021 Institute of Health Science Innovation for Medical Care was established.  
Division of Clinical Research Administration was renamed to Clinical Research Administration Center.  
Data Science Center was established.

(June, 2021 9 Clinical Departments, 29 Central Clinical Facilities, 944 beds)

## Medical Hospital(for reference)

February, 1919 Hokkaido Imperial University School of Medicine was established.

September, 1920 The course of nursing law (renamed to Women's College of Health and Welfare, and Hokkaido University School of Nursing later) was established.

April, 1921 University Clinic was established.

October, 1921 Midwives' Training Institute (renamed to Maternity Nurses' Training Institute later) was established.

November, 1921 University Clinic opened.  
The medical examination of Internal Medicine, Surgery, and Obstetrics and Gynecology started.  
Pharmacy (Division of Pharmacy now) was established.

September, 1922 The examination of Otolaryngology started.

November, 1922 The examination of Ophthalmology started.  
The examination of Internal Medicine II started.

May, 1924 The examination of Surgery II started.

February, 1925 The examination of Dermatology and Urology started.

May, 1925 The examination of Surgery III (Orthopaedic Surgery now) started.

September, 1925 The examination of Pediatrics started.

June, 1927 The examination of Dental Clinical Division started.

November, 1928 The examination of Psychiatry and Neurology started.

November, 1935 Hokkaido University Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was founded.

January, 1936 Noboribetsu Branch Hospital started.

March, 1948 The examination of Internal Medicine III started.

March, 1949 The examination of Radiology started.

May, 1949 University Clinic was renamed to University Hospital by National School Establishment Law.

June, 1949 Department of Dermatology and Urology separated into Department of Dermatology and Department of Urology.

March, 1955 West ward was completed.

April, 1956 Hokkaido University Medical X-Ray Technicians' School (renamed to Hokkaido University Radiology Technician's School later) was established.

March, 1958 Central Building and East ward were completed.

March, 1959 Administration Division was established.

April, 1961 The examination of Anesthesiology started.

April, 1963 Central Clinical Laboratory (Clinical Laboratory and Blood Transfusion Center now), Central Surgical Center (Surgical Center now), and Central X-ray Center (Radiology now) was established.

April, 1965 The examination of Neurosurgery started.  
Central Supply Center (Supply Center now) was established.

January, 1966 Emergency Service was established.

April, 1966 Blood Transfusion Service (Clinical Laboratory and Blood Transfusion Center now) was established.  
Hokkaido University Sanitary Inspection Technicians' School (renamed to Hokkaido University Clinical Laboratory Technician's School later) was established.

July, 1966 North ward was completed.

March, 1967 South ward (3 stories) was completed.

August, 1967 Dental Hospital started and Dental Clinical Division was abolished.

April, 1968 Rehabilitation was established.

April, 1973 The examination of Cardiovascular Medicine started.  
Rehabilitation was established in Noboribetsu Branch Hospital.  
New building of Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was completed.

July, 1974 Pathology was established.

October, 1975 Orthopaedic Surgery was established in Noboribetsu Branch Hospital.

April, 1976 Division of Nursing was established.

May, 1976 Delivery Center (Maternity and Perinatal Care Center now) was established.

October, 1976 The examination of Plastic Surgery started.

April, 1978 Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was extended (Ward and Rehabilitation Training Institution).

March, 1980 South ward was extended (Orthopaedic Surgery, Internal Medicine III, Dermatology, and Plastic Surgery).

January, 1981 Hokkaido University School of Nursing was abolished.  
Central Clinical Building (3 stories) was completed (Laboratory, Surgical Center, Pathology, Supply Center, etc.).  
Outdoor Rehabilitation Training Institution was completed in Noboribetsu Branch Hospital.  
Hokkaido University Medical Laboratory Technicians' School was abolished.

March, 1985 Hokkaido University School of Maternity Nursing was abolished.

March, 1986 Hokkaido University Medical Radiology Technicians' School was abolished.

May, 1987 The examination of Neurological Medicine started.

March, 1988 MRI-CT Device Building was completed.

September, 1988 Power Center was completed.

October, 1988 New Clinical Building was completed.

March, 1989 Medical examination started in new Clinical Building.

April, 1989 Intensive Care Unit was established.

June, 1990 The examination of Cardiovascular Surgery started.

October, 1993 New ward was completed.

March, 1994 Medical examination started in new ward.

June, 1994 Division of Medical Information (Division of Medical Information Planning now) was established.

October, 1994 Hokkaido University Hospital was recognized as an Advanced Treatment Hospital.

April, 1995 Primary Care Unit was established.  
Hospital class started.

October, 1995 Hospital volunteer was introduced.

May, 1996 Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was abolished by revision of a ministerial ordinance (It continued by the intramural measure).

July, 1996 The examination of Primary Care started.

August, 1996 The examination of Rehabilitation and Physical Medicine started.

September, 1996 Internist clinic for each organ started.

December, 1996 Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was abolished.

March, 1997 New Central Clinical Building was completed.

August, 1997 Medical examination started in Rehabilitation and Physical Medicine ward.

April, 1999 Endoscopy was established and the examination of Nuclear Medicine, Hematology I, and Medical Bioengineering and Sports Medicine started.

November, 1999 The examination of Pediatric Surgery started.

April, 2000 Delivery Center was reorganized into Maternity and Perinatal Care Center.

April, 2001 Division of Organ Transplantation was established.  
The examination of Emergency Medicine started.  
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology separated into Department of Obstetrics and Department of Gynecology.

April, 2002 Hokkaido University Hospital "Family House" was completed.

April, 2003 Day Surgery Center was established.  
(September, 2003 20 Clinical Departments, 19 Central Clinical Facilities, 923 beds)

## Dental Hospital(for reference)

April, 1967 Begin to prepare setting up the Dental Hospital.

June, 1967 Dental Hospital was established.

July, 1967 Outpatients' ward and Inpatients' ward were completed.

August, 1967 Three clinics (Department of Operative Dentistry, Department of Oral Surgery and Department of Removable Prosthodontics) and 20 beds started.

April, 1970 Two clinical departments (Department of Preventive Dentistry and Department of Orthodontics) were established (40 beds).

November, 1970 The new building of Dental Hospital was completed.

April, 1974 The Clinical Department of Oral Surgery was renamed to the 1st Clinic Department of Oral Surgery.  
The 2nd Clinical Department of Oral Surgery was established.

October, 1977 The Clinical Department of Oral Radiology was established.

October, 1978 The Clinical Department of Pedodontics was established.

March, 1979 Building of Dental Hospital was completed.

April, 1981 The Special Dental Clinic Section was established.

March, 1982 Building of Dental Hospital was completed.

April, 1986 The Clinical Department of Dental Anesthesiology was established.

April, 1998 11 clinical departments were reestablished as three clinics (Comprehensive Conservation Dentistry, Oral Rehabilitation, Oral and Maxillofacial Disorders).

April, 2002 The Special Dental Clinic Section was abolished and Center for Advanced Oral Medicine was established.  
(September, 2003 3 Clinical Departments, 1 Central Clinical Facility, 40 beds)