	北海道大学病院
成 15年10月	医学部附属病院と歯学部附属病院との統合による改組
	により、北海道大学病院となる
	(8診療科、16診療施設、956床)
16年 4月	腫瘍内科の診療を開始
16年 9月	外来治療センター設置
16年12月	歯科外来手術センター設置
17年 3月	ME機器管理センター設置
17年 4月	医療安全推進室を医療安全管理部に改組
	診療録管理室設置
17年10月	感染管理部を感染制御部に改称
	総合診療科および総合診療部を廃止
18年 4月	栄養管理室を栄養管理部に改組
	分子追跡放射線医療寄附研究部門を設置
18年 6月	
18年 7月	
	ターに改組
	高度先進医療支援センター設置
19年 4月	検査部と輸血部を統合し、検査・輸血部に改組
	材料部を物流管理センターに改組
	医療情報部を医療情報企画部に改称
19年 5月	
20年 1月	
20年 4月	
21年 4月	
22年 3月	
22年 4月	
00年10日	放射線科が放射線治療科と放射線診断科に分離
23年10月	
24年 4月	第一内科を内科 I に改称 第二内科を内科 II に改称
	第三内科を消化器内科に改称
	第一外科を消化器外科」に改称
	第二外科を消化器外科Ⅱに改称
	循環器外科を循環器・呼吸器外科に改称
	乳腺·内分泌外科設置
	小児外科を消化器外科【に編入
	歯科の3診療科体制を、予防歯科、歯周・歯内療法科、冠
	橋義歯補綴科、高齢者歯科、小児·障害者歯科、矯正歯
	科、歯冠修復科、義歯補綴科、口腔内科、口腔外科、歯科
	放射線科、歯科麻酔科の12診療科に再編成
	高次口腔医療センターから高齢者歯科を分離
	コンパニオン診断学寄附研究部門設置
25年 4月	地域健康社会寄附研究部門を廃止
25年 6月	スポーツ医学診療センター設置
25年10月	外来新棟新営工事竣工
	乳腺・内分泌外科を乳腺外科に改称
26年 3月	陽子線治療センター設置
26年 4月	女性医師等就労支援室設置
26年 7月	国際医療部設置
26年 8月	病理診断科設置
26年10月	高度先進医療支援センターと北海道大学探索医療教育
	研究センターを統合し、臨床研究開発センターを設置
27年 4月	
27年 8月	
28年 4月	がん遺伝子診断部設置
	口腔ケア連携センター設置
	診療支援部を医療技術部に改称 卒後臨床研修センターを臨床研修センターに改称

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28年 4月	地域医療指導医支援センターを廃止
28年 7月	HIV診療支援センター設置
	臨床研究監理部設置
4月	高難度新規医療技術管理部設置
	未承認新規医薬品等管理部設置
	女性医師等就労支援室を男女共同参画推進室に改称 スポーツ医学診療科を廃止
29年10月	コンパニオン診断寄附研究部門をゲノム・コンパニオン
20 10/3	診断寄附研究部門に改称
29年11月	造血幹細胞移植連携支援センター設置
31年 4月	先進急性期医療センターが救急部と集中治療部に分離
	分子追跡放射線医療寄附研究部門を廃止
	医学物理部設置
	先端診断技術開発センター設置 ゲノム・コンパニオン診断寄附研究部門をゲノム・コン
	クノム・コンバーオン診断号的研究部門をクノム・コン パニオン診断研究部門に改称
	児童思春期精神医学研究部門設置
	先進消化器がん分子標的治療・予防学研究部門設置
	神経細胞治療研究部門設置
■令和 元年12月	医療機器開発推進センター設置
2年 4月	低侵襲外科診断治療学研究部門設置
	呼吸器先端医療機器開発研究部門設置
3年 4月	医療・ヘルスサイエンス研究開発機構設置 臨床研究監理部を臨床研究監理センターに改称
	データサイエンスヤンター設置
	神経内科を脳神経内科に改称
10月	内科 I を呼吸器内科に改称
	内科Ⅱが糖尿病・内分泌内科とリウマチ・腎臓内科に分離
4年 4月	北海道大学病院附属司法精神医療センター開設
	小児成人移行期医療支援センター設置
	アレルギーセンター設置
	神経内分泌腫瘍センター設置 先端医療技術教育研究開発センター設置
	耳鼻咽喉科を耳鼻咽喉科・頭頸部外科に改称
	歯冠修復科をむし歯科に改称
	歯周・歯内療法科を歯周病科に改称
	義歯補綴科を義歯科に改称
	冠橋義歯補綴科をクラウンブリッジ歯科に改称
소10 4 년 - 7 日	小児・障害者歯科を小児・障がい者歯科に改称 循環器・呼吸器外科が心臓血管外科と呼吸器外科に分離
令和4年 7月	個場番・呼吸器外科が心臓皿官外科と呼吸器外科にが離
	(令和4年7月 11診療科、32中央診療施設、944床)
#t	海道大学医学部附属病院
■大正 8年 2月	北海道帝国大学に医学部設置
9年 9月	医学部附属医院開始準備のため看護法講習科設置(以
	後厚生女学部及び看護学校と名称変更)
10年 4月	医学部に附属医院設置
	産婆養成所(以後助産婦学校と名称変更)設置
10年11月	附属医院が開院 + 51 / 151 京福 / 51 の 記念されません。
	内科、外科、産婦人科の診療を開始
11年 9月	薬局(現薬剤部)設置 耳鼻咽喉科の診療を開始
	眼科の診療を開始
	第二内科の診療を開始
13年 5月	第二外科の診療を開始
14年 2月	皮膚泌尿器科の診療を開始
14年 5月	第三外科(現整形外科)の診療を開始

14年 9月	小児科の診療を開始
昭和 2年 6月	歯科の診療を開始
3年11月	精神科神経科の診療を開始
10年11月	医学部附属病院登別分院創設
11年 1月	医学部附属医院登別分院の診療を開始
23年 3月	第三内科の診療を開始
24年 3月	放射線科の診療を開始
24年 5月	法律第150号により北海道大学医学部附属病院と改称
24年 6月	皮膚泌尿器科が皮膚科と泌尿器科に分離
30年 3月	西病棟新営工事竣工
31年 4月	医学部附属診療エックス線技師学校(以後診療放射線
	技師学校と名称変更)設置
	中央棟及び東病棟新営工事竣工
	事務部及び課設置
36年 4月	麻酔科の診療を開始
38年 4月	
405 45	中央レントゲン部(現放射線部)設置
40年 4月	
44年 4日	中央材料部(現材料部)設置
41年 1月 41年 4月	救急部設置 輸血部(現検査・輸血部)設置
41年 4月	医学部附属衛生検査技師学校(以後臨床検査技師学校
	と名称変更)設置
41年 7日	北病棟新営工事竣工
	南病棟新営工事(3階建)竣工
	歯学部附属病院の開院に伴い歯科が廃止
43年 4月	
48年 4月	循環器内科の診療を開始
	登別分院にリハビリテーション部設置
49年 7月	登別分院の新築工事竣工
50年10月	病理部設置
51年 4月	登別分院に整形外科設置
51年 5月	看護部設置
51年10月	分娩部(現周産母子センター)設置
53年 4月	形成外科の診療を開始
55年 3月	登別分院増築工事(病棟及びリハビリ訓練施設)竣工
56年 1月	
50- 05	皮膚科、形成外科)
58年 3月	医学部附属看護学校廃止
59年 3月	
	理部、材料部等)
	登別分院に屋外リハビリ訓練施設竣工 医学部附属臨床検査技師学校廃止
60年 2日	医学部附属助产婦学校廃止
61年 3月	
62年 5月	神経内科の診療を開始
63年 3月	
63年 9月	
	新外来棟新営工事竣工
平成 元年 3月	
元年 4月	院内措置により集中治療部設置
2年 6月	循環器外科の診療を開始
5年10月	新病棟新営工事竣工
6年 3月	新病棟での診療を開始
6年 6月	医療情報部(現医療情報企画部)設置
6年10月	特定機能病院の承認
7年 4月	総合診療部設置
	院内学級開級

8年 7月	総合診療科の診療を開始
8年 8月	リハビリテーション科の診療を開始
8年 9月	内科系臓器別外来の診療を開始
8年12月	登別分院廃院
9年 3月	新中央診療棟新営工事竣工
9年 8月	リハビリテーション科病棟での診療を開始
11年 4月	光学医療診療部設置、核医学診療科、血液内科Ⅰ、生体
	医工学・スポーツ診療科の診療を開始
11年11月	小児外科の診療を開始
12年 4月	分娩部を周産母子センターに改組
13年 4月	臓器移植医療部設置
	救急科の診療を開始
	産科婦人科が産科と婦人科に分離
14年 4月	ファミリーハウス落成
15年 4月	デイサージャリーセンター設置
	(平成15年9月 20診療科、19中央診療施設、923床)
بالــ	, '大 '

北海坦大学图字部附属病院				
■昭和 42年 4月	歯学部附属病院の準備事務を開始			
42年 6月	歯学部附属病院を設置			
42年 7月	附属病院入院病棟、外来診療棟の増築工事落成			
42年 8月	第一保存科、第一補綴科、口腔外科の3科及び20床で診			
	療開始			
45年 4月	予防歯科、矯正科の2科を増設(病床40床)			
45年11月	附属病院棟の新築工事落成			
49年 4月	口腔外科が第一口腔外科と改称			
	第二口腔外科を増設			
52年10月	歯科放射線科増設			
53年10月	小児科増設			
54年 3月	附属病院棟の増築工事落成			
56年 4月	特殊歯科治療部設置			
57年 3月	附属病院棟の増築工事落成			
61年 4月	歯科麻酔科増設			
■平成 10年 4月	11診療科体制から保存系歯科、咬合系歯科、口腔系歯			
	科の3診療科体制へ再編成			
14年 4月	特殊歯科治療部を廃止し高次口腔医療センターを設置			

(平成15年9月 3診療科、1中央診療施設、40床)



6 Hokkaido University Hospital

8年 5月 登別分院が省令改正により廃止(学内措置により存続)

7年10月 ボランティアの導入

Center.

Hokkaido University Hospital

October, 2003 Dental Hospital and Medical Hospital were reconstructed to

Hokkaido University Hospital (September, 2003 8 Clinical Departments, 23 Central Clinical Facilities, 956 beds). April, 2004 The examination of Medical Oncology started. September, 2004 Ambulatory Therapy Center was established. December, 2004 Center for Oral Surgery was established. March, 2005 Medical Engineering Center was established.

April 2005 Hospital Safety Promotion Center was reorganized into Division of Hospital Safety Management. Medical Record Center was established.

October, 2005 The examination of Primary Care Unit was abolished. Infection Management Center was renamed to Infection

Control Center April, 2006 Nutrition Center was reorganized into Nutritional Management

Funded Research Division of Medical Physics was established. June, 2006 Community Service Center was reorganized into Community Service and Welfare Network.

July, 2006 Emergency Service and Intensive Care Unit were reconstructed to Emergency and Critical Care Center. Translation Research and Clinical Trial Center was

established. April 2007 Clinical Laboratory and Blood Transfusion Center were reconstructed to Division of Laboratory and Transfusion

Medicine Supply Center was reorganized into Medical Supply Processing and Distribution Center.

Division of Medical Information was renamed to Division of Medical Information Planning.

May, 2007 Funded Research Division of Medical Management was established

January, 2008 Ambulatory Therapy Center was abolished and Cancer Center was established.

April, 2008 Division of Planning and Management was established. April, 2009 Funded Research Division of Regional Health Society was established.

March, 2010 Diagnostic Center for Sonography was established. April, 2010 Community-hospital-instructor Supporting Center was

established. Radiology separated into Radiation Oncology and Diagnostic

and Interventional Radiology. October, 2011 Inpatient Center was established.

April, 2012 Internal Medicine

■ was renamed to Gastroenterology and Henatology Surgery I was renamed to Gastroenterological Surgery I.

Surgery ${\mathbb I}$ was renamed to Gastroenterological Surgery ${\mathbb I}$. Cardiovascular Surgery was renamed to Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery.

Breast and Endocrine Surgery was established. Pediatric Surgery was included in Gastroenterological Surgery I.

3 clinics of dentistry was reorganized to 12 clinics. Preventive Dentistry, Endodontics and Periodontics, Crown and Bridge Prosthodontics, Gerodontology, Dentistry for Children and Disabled Persons, Orthodontics, Restorative Dentistry, Removable Prosthodontics, Oral Medicine, Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, Dental Radiology and Dental Anesthesiology.

Gerodontology seceded from Center for Advanced Oral Medicine.

Funded Research Division of Companion Diagnostics was established

April, 2013 Funded Research Division of Regional Health Society was abolished.

June, 2013 Sports Medicine Center was established.

October, 2013 New Outpatients Building was completed. Breast and Endocrine Surgery was renamed to Breast Surgery.

March, 2014 Proton Beam Therapy Center was established.

April, 2014 Female Physician Support Office was established.

July, 2014 International Medical Department was established.

August, 2014 Department of Surgical Pathology was established.

October, 2014 Translation Research and Clinical Trial Center and Center for Translational Research were reconstructed to Clinical Research and Medical Innovation Center

April, 2015 Community-Hospital Supporting Center was established.

August, 2015 Epilepsy Center was established.

April, 2016 Division of Clinical Cancer Genomics was established. Center for Oral Supportive Care was established.

Division of Clinical Practice Support was renamed to Division of Medical Imaging and Technology.

Postgraduate Clinical Education Center was renamed to Clinical Training Center.

Community-hospital-instructor Supporting Center was aholished

July, 2016 HIV Infection Medical Support Center was established.

January, 2017 Division of Clinical Research Administration was established. April, 2017 Division of Management New Medical Technology was established.

> Division of Management New Pharmaceutical Products was established.

> Female Physician Support Office was renamed to Gender Fauality Office

Sports Medicine was abolished.

October, 2017 Funded Research Division of Companion Diagnostics was renamed to Funded Research Division of Genome Companion Diagnostics.

November, 2017 Support Center for Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation was established.

April, 2019 Emergency and Critical Care Center separated into Emergency Department and Intensive Care Unit.

Funded Research Division of Medical Physics was abolished. Department of Medical Physics was established.

Center for Development of Advanced Diagnostics was established

Funded Research Division of Genome Companion Diagnostics was renamed to Research Division of Genome Companion Diagnostics.

Department of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry was established.

Research Division of Molecular Targeting Therapy and Prevention of GI Cancer was established.

Department of Neurological Cell Therapy was established.

December, 2019 Center for Medical Device Development was established. April, 2020 Division of Minimally Invasive Surgery was established.

July, 2020 Division of Respiratory Advanced Medical Device Development was established.

April, 2021 Institute of Health Science Innovation for Medical Care was established.

> Division of Clinical Research Administration was renamed to Clinical Research Administration Center

Data Science Center was established. October, 2021 Internal Medicine I was renamed to Respiratory Medicine. Internal Medicine II separated into Diabetes and Endocrinology

and Rheumatology and Nephrology. April, 2022 Forensic Psychiatry Center, Hokkaido University Hospital was opened.

Center for Transitional Medical Care from Childhood to Adulthood was established

Allergy Center was established.

Center for Neuroendocrine Neoplasms was established. Center for Education Research & Innovation of Advanced Medical Technology was established.

Otolaryngology was renamed to Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery.

Restorative Dentistry was renamed to Operative Dentistry. Endodontics and Periodontics was renamed to Periodontics.

July, 2022 Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery separated into Cardiovascular Surgery and Thoracic Surgery.

(July 2022, 11 Clinical Departments, 32 Central Clinical Facilities, 944 beds.)

Medical Hospital (for reference)

February, 1919 Hokkaido Imperial University School of Medicine was established.

September, 1920 The course of nursing law (renamed to Women's College of Health and Welfare, and Hokkaido University School of Nursing later) was established.

April, 1921 University Clinic was established.

October, 1921 Midwives' Training Institute (renamed to Maternity Nurses' Training Institute later) was established.

November, 1921 University Clinic opened.

The medical examination of Internal Medicine, Surgery, and Obstetrics and Gynecology started.

Pharmacy (Division of Pharmacy now) was established. September, 1922 The examination of Otolaryngology started.

November, 1922 The examination of Ophthalmology started. The examination of Internal Medicine II started.

May, 1924 The examination of Surgery II started.

February, 1925 The examination of Dermatology and Urology started. May, 1925 The examination of Surgery ${\rm I\!I}$ (Orthopaedic Surgery now) started.

September, 1925 The examination of Pediatrics started.

June, 1927 The examination of Dental Clinical Division started. November. 1928 The examination of Psychiatry and Neurology started.

November, 1935 Hokkaido University Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was founded.

January, 1936 Noboribetsu Branch Hospital started.

March, 1948 The examination of Internal Medicine III started.

March, 1949 The examination of Radiology started.

May, 1949 University Clinic was renamed to University Hospital by National School Establishment Law. June, 1949 Department of Dermatology and Urology separated into

Department of Dermatology and Department of Urology

March, 1955 West ward was completed. April, 1956 Hokkaido University Medical X-Ray Technicians' School

(renamed to Hokkaido University Radiology Technician's School later) was established.

March, 1958 Central Building and East ward were completed. March, 1959 Administration Division was established.

April, 1961 The examination of Anesthesiology started.

April, 1963 Central Clinical Laboratory (Clinical Laboratory and Blood Transfusion Center now), Central Surgical Center (Surgical Center now), and Central X-ray Center (Radiology now) was established.

April, 1965 The examination of Neurosurgery started.

Central Supply Center (Supply Center now) was established.

January, 1966 Emergency Service was established.

April, 1966 Blood Transfusion Service (Clinical Laboratory and Blood Transfusion Center now) was established. Hokkaido University Sanitary Inspection Technicians' School (renamed to Hokkaido University Clinical Laboratory Technician's School later) was established.

July 1966. North ward was completed

March, 1967 South ward (3 stories) was completed.

August, 1967 Dental Hospital started and Dental Clinical Division was abolished.

April, 1968 Rehabilitation was established.

April, 1973 The examination of Cardiovascular Medicine started. Rehabilitation was established in Noboribetsu Branch Hospital. July, 1974 New building of Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was completed.

October, 1975 Pathology was established. April, 1976 Orthopaedic Surgery was established in Noboribetsu Branch

Hospital. May, 1976 Division of Nursing was established.

October, 1976 Delivery Center (Maternity and Perinatal Care Center now) was established.

April, 1978 The examination of Plastic Surgery started. March, 1980 Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was extended (Ward and

Rehabilitation Training Institution). January, 1981 South ward was extended (Orthopaedic Surgery, Internal

Medicine ${\rm I\hspace{-.1em}I\hspace{-.1em}I}$, Dermatology, and Plastic Surgery).

March, 1983 Hokkaido University School of Nursing was abolished.

March, 1984 Central Clinical Building (3 stories) was completed (Laboratory, Surgical Center, Pathology, Supply Center, etc.). Outdoor Rehabilitation Training Institution was completed in Noboribetsu Branch Hospital

Hokkaido University Medical Laboratory Technicians' School

was abolished. March, 1985 Hokkaido University School of Maternity Nursing was

abolished. March, 1986 Hokkaido University Medical Radiology Technicians' School

May, 1987 The examination of Neurological Medicine started.

September, 1988 Power Center was completed. October, 1988 New Clinical Building was completed. March, 1989 Medical examination started in new Clinical Building. April, 1989 Intensive Care Unit was established.

June, 1990 The examination of Cardiovascular Surgery started. October, 1993 New ward was completed.

March, 1994 Medical examination started in new ward.

June, 1994 Division of Medical Information (Division of Medical Information Planning now) was established.

October, 1994 Hokkaido University Hospital was recognized as an Advanced Treatment Hospital.

April, 1995 Primary Care Unit was established.

March, 1988 MRI-CT Device Building was completed.

Hospital class started. October, 1995 Hospital volunteer was introduced.

May, 1996 Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was abolished by revision of a

ministerial ordinance (It continued by the intramural measure).

July, 1996 The examination of Primary Care started. August, 1996 The examination of Rehabilitation and Physical Medicine

started. September, 1996 Internist clinic for each organ started.

December, 1996 Noboribetsu Branch Hospital was abolished.

March, 1997 New Central Clinical Building was completed.

August, 1997 Medical examination started in Rehabilitation and Physical Medicine ward

April, 1999 Endoscopy was established and the examination of Nuclear Medicine, Hematology I, and Medical Bioengineering and Sports Medicine started.

November, 1999 The examination of Pediatric Surgery started. April, 2000 Delivery Center was reorganized into Maternity and Perinatal

Care Center. April, 2001 Division of Organ Transplantation was established.

The examination of Emergency Medicine started. Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology separated into Department of Obstetrics and Department of Gynecology.

April, 2002 Hokkaido University Hospital "Family House" was completed.

April, 2003 Day Surgery Center was established.

(September, 2003 20 Clinical Departments, 19 Central Clinical Facilities, 923 beds)

Dental Hospital (for reference)

April, 1967 Begin to prepare setting up the Dental Hospital

June, 1967 Dental Hospital was established.

July, 1967 Outpatients' ward and Inpatients' ward were completed.

August, 1967 Three clinics (Department of Operative Dentistry, Department of Oral Surgery and Department of Removable Prosthodontics) and 20 beds started.

April, 1970 Two clinical departments (Department of Preventive Dentistry and Department of Orthodontics) were established (40 beds).

November, 1970 The new building of Dental Hospital was completed. April, 1974 The Clinical Department of Oral Surgery was renamed to the 1st Clinic Department of Oral Surgery.

The 2nd Clinical Department of Oral Surgery was established. October, 1977 The Clinical Department of Oral Radiology was established. October, 1978 The Clinical Department of Pedodontics was established.

March, 1979 Building of Dental Hospital was completed. April 1981 The Special Dental Clinic Section was established

March, 1982 Building of Dental Hospital was completed.

April, 1986 The Clinical Department of Dental Anesthesiology was established. April, 1998 11 clinical departments were reestablished as three clinics (Comprehensive Conservation Dentistry, Oral Rehabilitation,

Oral and Maxillofacial Disorders). April, 2002 The Special Dental Clinic Section was abolished and Center for Advanced Oral Medicine was established.

(September, 2003 3 Clinical Departments, 1 Central Clinical Facility, 40 beds)

Hokkaido University Hospital

was abolished.